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IN AUGUST THE GKI ECONOMIC SENTIMENT INDEX RETURNED TO ITS LOWEST POINT THIS YEAR

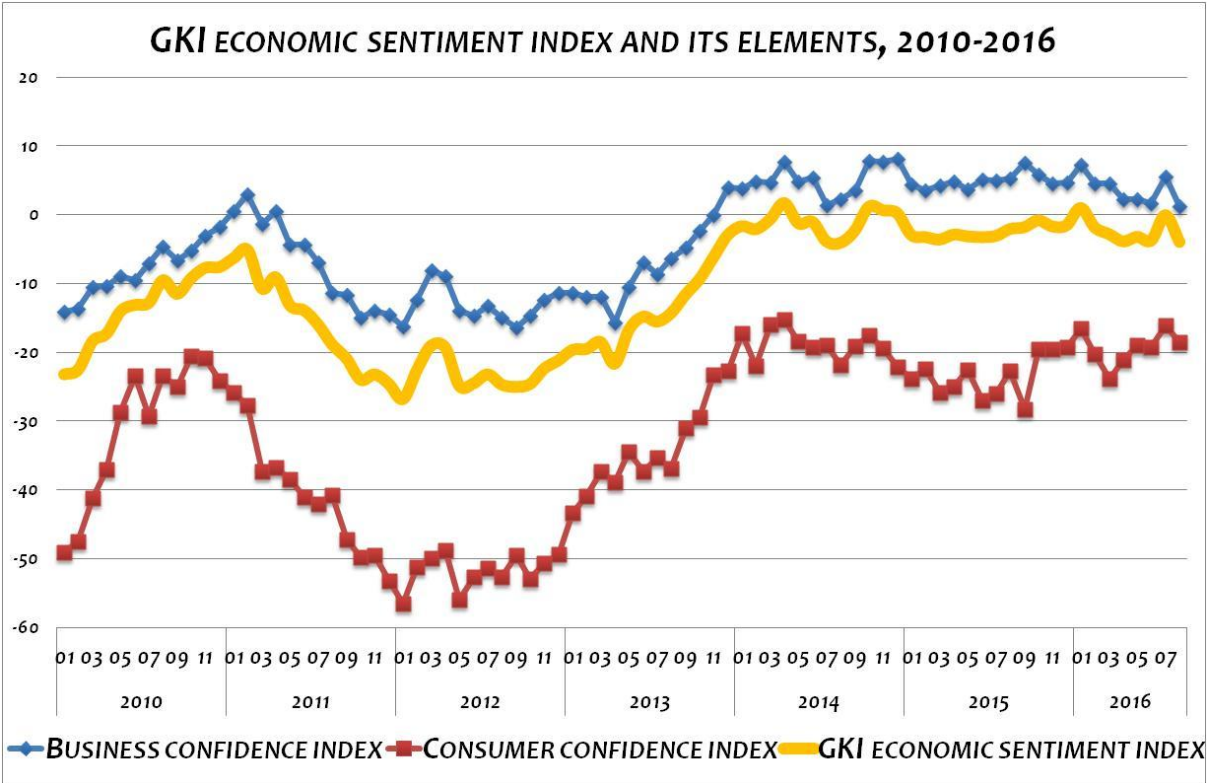
After its significant rise in July, the GKI economic sentiment index decreased significantly, thereby returning to its lowest point this year. According to the empirical survey conducted by GKI (www.gki.hu) with the support of the EU, expectations plummeted in the business sector, whereas they dropped only slightly among consumers.

Expectations in each of the four **business** sectors examined deteriorated more or less. The **industrial** confidence index fell significantly (by 5 points), returning to its May level. Both the assessment of production of the last period and that of production prospects for the near future have deteriorated. The assessments of the level of orders (excluding exports) and that of stocks have also become less favourable. The **construction** confidence index decreased in August (by 3 points), similarly to July, reaching its lowest level in the past three years. Expectations of structural engineering companies deteriorated significantly, whereas those of civil engineering companies improved slightly. In August the assessment of production in the preceding three-month improved slightly, whereas that of orders got worse considerably. The **trade** confidence index continued to decline in the eighth month of 2016 (by 4 points), leaving the relatively narrow band in which it had fluctuated for more than two years, and this was the first time since November 2013 that it became negative. Similarly to the previous month, the assessment of sales positions, with stagnant inventory levels, declined significantly. In addition, orders are also expected to drop. Following its significant increase in July, the **services** confidence index contracted in August (by 3 points); however, it is still higher than in May or June. The assessment of the turnover of the three months prior to the survey deteriorated slightly, and sales prospects remained essentially unchanged.

Employment intentions weakened in all four sectors, and the deterioration was particularly strong in services. The index reflecting average expectations in the four sectors examined reached its lowest level in the past 30 months. However, fear of unemployment by households decreased slightly. Intentions to **increase prices** in industry and construction remained unchanged, whereas they weakened slightly in trade and intensified in services. Inflationary expectations by consumers eased. The assessment of the situation of the **Hungarian economy** in the near future improved spectacularly in August in all the four sectors examined. Households were less optimistic, their assessment deteriorated slightly regarding this.

Following its significant rise in July, the **GKI consumer confidence index** fell somewhat in August (by 2.5 points), close to its June level. In August households assessed their future

financial situation in the next year and the possibility of purchasing high-value durables as well as their savings capacity more favourable than in the previous month.



EXPLANATION TO THE METHODOLOGY:

In line with the methodology used by the EU, GKI surveys the expectations of industry, trade, construction, services and households in the calculation of its business confidence index. GKI economic sentiment index is the weighted average of the consumer confidence index and the business confidence index.

The business confidence index is calculated from the responses of enterprises in industry, trade, construction and services given to questions concerning the state of business and expectations of turnover and employment. (As far as services are concerned, similarly to the practice of the EU, companies of the financial and public sectors have not been included in the surveys yet.) GKI publishes seasonally adjusted data by using appropriate mathematical methods to filter out the discrepancies caused by seasonal effects (e.g., differences in weather conditions between winter and summer, increased demand before Christmas, lower output because of summer vacations).

The consumer confidence index is calculated from responses given to questions concerning the expected financial position of households, the expected economic and unemployment situation of the country, and the prospects for saving.

GKI ECONOMIC SENTIMENT INDEX AND ITS ELEMENTS, 2010-2016

Year	Month	Business confidence index	Consumer confidence index	GKI economic sentiment index
2010	01	-14.1	-49.1	-23.2
	02	-13.7	-47.5	-22.5
	03	-10.5	-41.2	-18.4
	04	-10.3	-37	-17.3
	05	-8.9	-28.7	-14
	06	-9.5	-23.4	-13.1
	07	-7.1	-29.3	-12.8
	08	-4.7	-23.4	-9.5
	09	-6.7	-25	-11.5
	10	-5.2	-20.6	-9.2
	11	-3.1	-20.8	-7.7
	12	-1.8	-24.1	-7.6
2011	01	0.5	-25.8	-6.3
	02	2.9	-27.7	-5.1
	03	-1.3	-37.3	-10.7
	04	0.6	-36.8	-9.1
	05	-4.3	-38.5	-13.2
	06	-4.4	-41	-13.9
	07	-6.9	-42	-16
	08	-11.3	-40.7	-18.9
	09	-11.7	-47.2	-20.9
	10	-14.9	-49.8	-24
	11	-14	-49.5	-23.2
	12	-14.5	-53.3	-24.6
2012	01	-16.3	-56.6	-26.8
	02	-12.4	-51.2	-22.5
	03	-8.1	-49.9	-19
	04	-9	-48.8	-19.3
	05	-14	-55.9	-24.9
	06	-14.6	-52.6	-24.5
	07	-13.3	-51.4	-23.2
	08	-14.9	-52.7	-24.7
	09	-16.4	-49.5	-25
	10	-14.6	-53	-24.6
	11	-12.4	-50.7	-22.4
	12	-11.3	-49.3	-21.2
2013	01	-11.3	-43.4	-19.6
	02	-12.0	-40.9	-19.5
	03	-11.9	-37.3	-18.5
	04	-15.6	-38.9	-21.7
	05	-10.5	-34.4	-16.7
	06	-6.9	-37.3	-14.8
	07	-8.6	-35.3	-15.5
	08	-6.3	-36.9	-14.3
	09	-4.8	-31.0	-11.6
	10	-2.3	-29.4	-9.3
	11	-0.1	-23.3	-6.1
	12	4.0	-22.7	-2.9

Year	Month	Business confidence index	Consumer confidence index	GKI economic sentiment index
2014	01	3.8	-17.2	-1.7
	02	4.9	-22.0	-2.1
	03	4.7	-15.9	-0.7
	04	7.7	-15.3	1.7
	05	4.8	-18.4	-1.2
	06	5.4	-19.3	-1.0
	07	1.4	-18.9	-3.9
	08	2.2	-21.9	-4.1
	09	3.6	-19.1	-2.3
	10	7.8	-17.6	1.2
	11	7.7	-19.4	0.7
	12	8.1	-22.1	0.2
2015	01	4.4	-23.8	-2.9
	02	3.5	-22.4	-3.2
	03	4.2	-25.8	-3.6
	04	4.9	-25.0	-2.9
	05	3.7	-22.6	-3.1
	06	5.1	-27.0	-3.2
	07	5.0	-26.0	-3.1
	08	5.2	-22.7	-2.1
	09	7.5	-28.3	-1.8
	10	5.8	-19.6	-0.8
	11	4.6	-19.6	-1.7
	12	4.7	-19.2	-1.5
2016	01	7.2	-16.6	1.0
	02	4.6	-20.2	-1.8
	03	4.6	-23.8	-2.8
	04	2.2	-21.1	-3.9
	05	2.3	-18.9	-3.2
	06	1.7	-19.2	-3.7
	07	5.6	-16.1	0.0
	08	1.2	-18.6	-3.9

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