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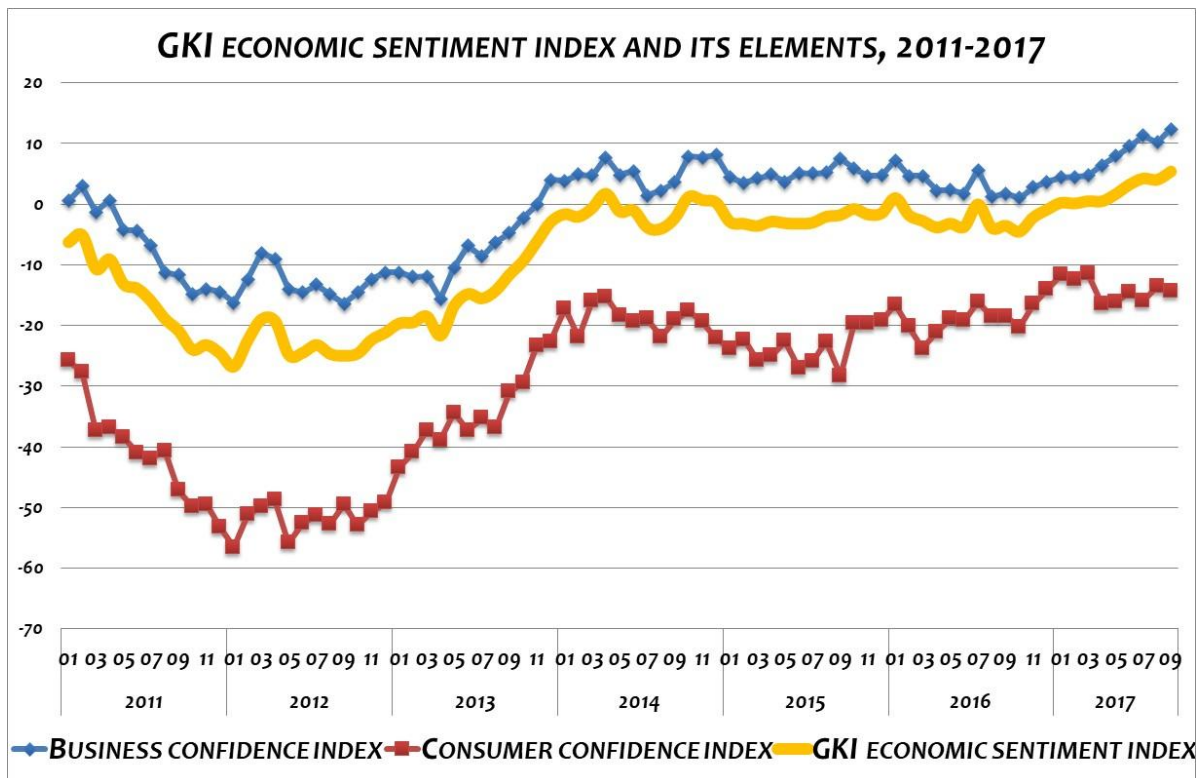
GKI'S ECONOMIC SENTIMENT INDEX REACHED ANOTHER PEAK IN SEPTEMBER

After reaching historic peaks in July, **GKI's** economic sentiment index and its business confidence index continued to rise in September. According to the empirical survey conducted by GKI (www.gki.hu) with the support of the EU, almost all sectors have managed to exceed their best expectations at all times. Although consumer expectations deteriorated slightly in September, they still show strong optimism.

In the **business sector**, industrial expectations improved significantly and reached their historic peak in September. The construction confidence index also increased further, to a new historic peak. Expectations in services remained unchanged, and those in trade deteriorated slightly. In September, the **industrial** confidence index not only eliminated its fall in August but exceeded its historic peak reached in July. The assessment of the production of the preceding period and the production prospects as well as the stock of orders improved (though that of export orders deteriorated slightly). The assessment of inventories remained unchanged. September is now the third consecutive month when the **construction** confidence index rises to a new and historic peak. Compared to August, expectations of civil engineering companies became much more favourable, whereas those of structural engineering firms worsened; the confidence indices of the two groups of companies has almost equilibrated. However, the assessment of production in the preceding quarter and that of orders declined. After its significant increase in August, the **trade** confidence index fell slightly in September, however, it remained within the relatively narrow band in which it fluctuated in the past four years. The assessment of sales positions picked up, whereas that of orders and stocks turned worse. The confidence index of **services** remained unchanged in September compared to the previous month. Although the evaluation of the general business climate and the turnover in the last period improved, sales expectations weakened.

The **intentions of employment** grew considerably in industry and construction, and slightly in trade and services. The fear of unemployment among households remained unchanged. **Intentions to raise prices** in industry and construction increased slightly, whereas they remained unchanged in services and trade (after a significant increase in the previous month). Opinions about the prospects of the Hungarian economy in industry and especially in trade were much more favourable, whereas they deteriorated slightly in construction and services as well as among households.

Following an increase in August, **GKI's consumer confidence index** dropped by a lesser extent in September. Households assessed their financial position for the next 12 months unchanged and they evaluated their expected savings capacity slightly worse than in August.



EXPLANATION TO THE METHODOLOGY:

In line with the methodology used by the EU, GKI surveys the expectations of industry, trade, construction, services and households in the calculation of its business confidence index. GKI economic sentiment index is the weighted average of the consumer confidence index and the business confidence index.

The business confidence index is calculated from the responses of enterprises in industry, trade, construction and services given to questions concerning the state of business and expectations of turnover and employment. (As far as services are concerned, similarly to the practice of the EU, companies of the financial and public sectors have not been included in the surveys yet.) GKI publishes seasonally adjusted data by using appropriate mathematical methods to filter out the discrepancies caused by seasonal effects (e.g., differences in weather conditions between winter and summer, increased demand before Christmas, lower output because of summer vacations).

The consumer confidence index is calculated from responses given to questions concerning the expected financial position of households, the expected economic and unemployment situation of the country, and the prospects for saving.

GKI ECONOMIC SENTIMENT INDEX AND ITS ELEMENTS, 2011-2017

Year	Month	Business confidence index	Consumer confidence index	GKI economic sentiment index
2011	01	0.5	-25.8	-6.3
	02	2.9	-27.7	-5.1
	03	-1.3	-37.3	-10.7
	04	0.6	-36.8	-9.1
	05	-4.3	-38.5	-13.2
	06	-4.4	-41	-13.9
	07	-6.9	-42	-16
	08	-11.3	-40.7	-18.9
	09	-11.7	-47.2	-20.9
	10	-14.9	-49.8	-24
	11	-14	-49.5	-23.2
	12	-14.5	-53.3	-24.6
2012	01	-16.3	-56.6	-26.8
	02	-12.4	-51.2	-22.5
	03	-8.1	-49.9	-19
	04	-9	-48.8	-19.3
	05	-14	-55.9	-24.9
	06	-14.6	-52.6	-24.5
	07	-13.3	-51.4	-23.2
	08	-14.9	-52.7	-24.7
	09	-16.4	-49.5	-25
	10	-14.6	-53	-24.6
	11	-12.4	-50.7	-22.4
	12	-11.3	-49.3	-21.2
2013	01	-11.3	-43.4	-19.6
	02	-12.0	-40.9	-19.5
	03	-11.9	-37.3	-18.5
	04	-15.6	-38.9	-21.7
	05	-10.5	-34.4	-16.7
	06	-6.9	-37.3	-14.8
	07	-8.6	-35.3	-15.5
	08	-6.3	-36.9	-14.3
	09	-4.8	-31.0	-11.6
	10	-2.3	-29.4	-9.3
	11	-0.1	-23.3	-6.1
	12	4.0	-22.7	-2.9
2014	01	3.8	-17.2	-1.7
	02	4.9	-22.0	-2.1
	03	4.7	-15.9	-0.7
	04	7.7	-15.3	1.7
	05	4.8	-18.4	-1.2
	06	5.4	-19.3	-1.0
	07	1.4	-18.9	-3.9
	08	2.2	-21.9	-4.1
	09	3.6	-19.1	-2.3
	10	7.8	-17.6	1.2
	11	7.7	-19.4	0.7
	12	8.1	-22.1	0.2

Year	Month	Business confidence index	Consumer confidence index	GKI economic sentiment index
2015	01	4.4	-23.8	-2.9
	02	3.5	-22.4	-3.2
	03	4.2	-25.8	-3.6
	04	4.9	-25.0	-2.9
	05	3.7	-22.6	-3.1
	06	5.1	-27.0	-3.2
	07	5.0	-26.0	-3.1
	08	5.2	-22.7	-2.1
	09	7.5	-28.3	-1.8
	10	5.8	-19.6	-0.8
	11	4.6	-19.6	-1.7
	12	4.7	-19.2	-1.5
2016	01	7.2	-16.6	1.0
	02	4.6	-20.2	-1.8
	03	4.6	-23.8	-2.8
	04	2.2	-21.1	-3.9
	05	2.3	-18.9	-3.2
	06	1.7	-19.2	-3.7
	07	5.6	-16.1	0.0
	08	1.2	-18.6	-3.9
	09	1.7	-18.5	-3.6
	10	1.0	-20.3	-4.5
	11	2.8	-16.5	-2.2
	12	3.7	-14.1	-0.9
2017	01	4.4	-11.7	0.2
	02	4.5	-12.4	0.1
	03	4.7	-11.5	0.5
	04	6.4	-16.4	0.5
	05	7.9	-16.1	1.7
	06	9.5	-14.6	3.2
	07	11.3	-15.9	4.2
	08	10.2	-13.6	4.0
	09	12.3	-14.3	5.4

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